

FRANCE – THAILAND

**Scientific impact of the programme SIAM
(2007-2020)**

MESRI-DAEI / MEAE

2020

<http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr>

GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME

Creation : 2007

The purpose of this programme is to develop excellence scientific and technological exchanges between the French and Thai laboratories, by promoting new scientific collaborations and integrating in the projects young researchers and PhD students.

Total budget (France + Thailand) : around 350 000 € / year

>> including budget from the French part : around 175 000 € / year

>> including budget from the Thai part : around 175 000 € / year

Average budget per project (France + Thailand) : around 17 500 € / year

Number of new funded projects per year : around 10

From 2007-2020 :

499 applications submitted

144 projects funded

DATA SOURCES

Campus France (2007-2020)

- Information about the PHC Siam applications
- List of mobilities (from France to Thailand and from Thailand to France)

Survey (2007-2018)

- Target : French Principal Investigators of selected projects between 2007 and 2018
- Survey duration : 6 weeks between May and June 2020
- **64%** response ratio (68 respondents for 106 queries)

ANSWERS TO THE SURVEY

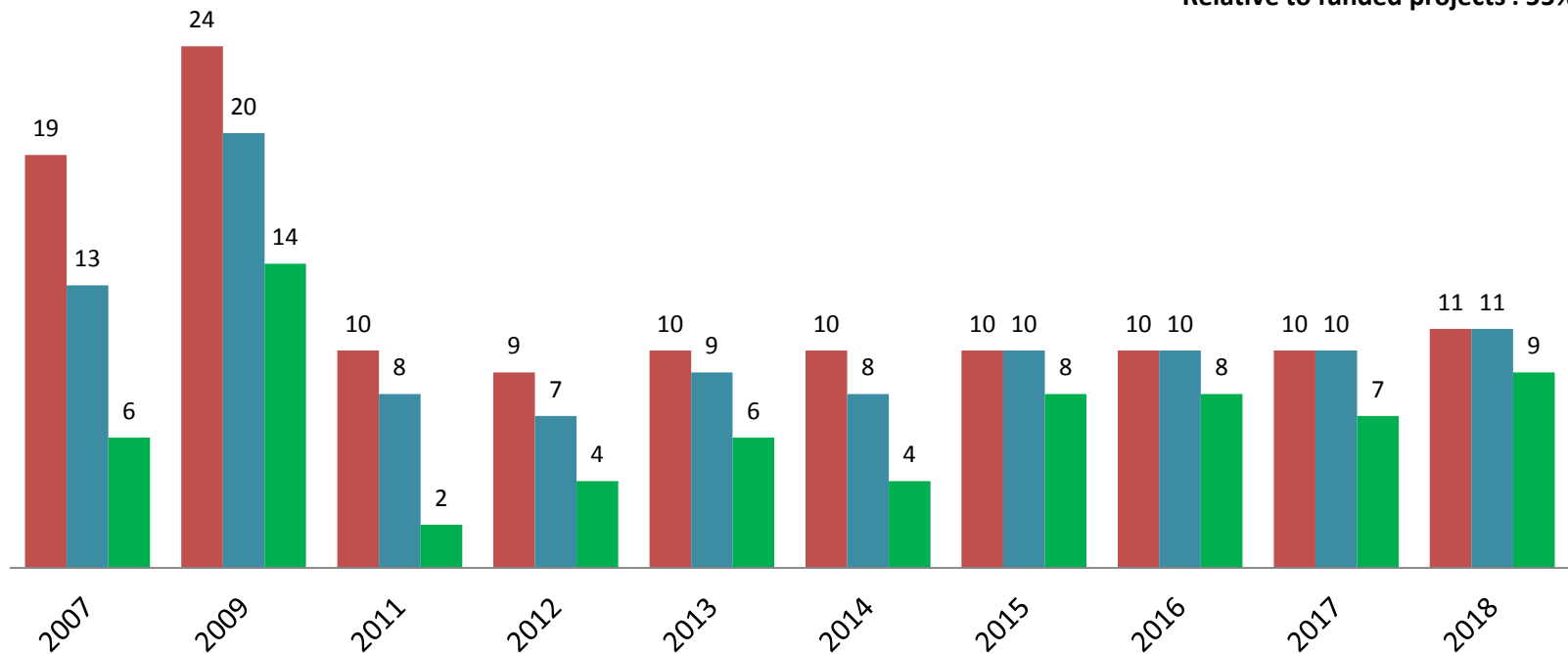
OK

Average response rate to the survey : **64 % (68 answers)**

■ Number of funded projects ■ Number of queries ■ Number of survey answers

Mean response rate : 64%

Relative to funded projects : 55%



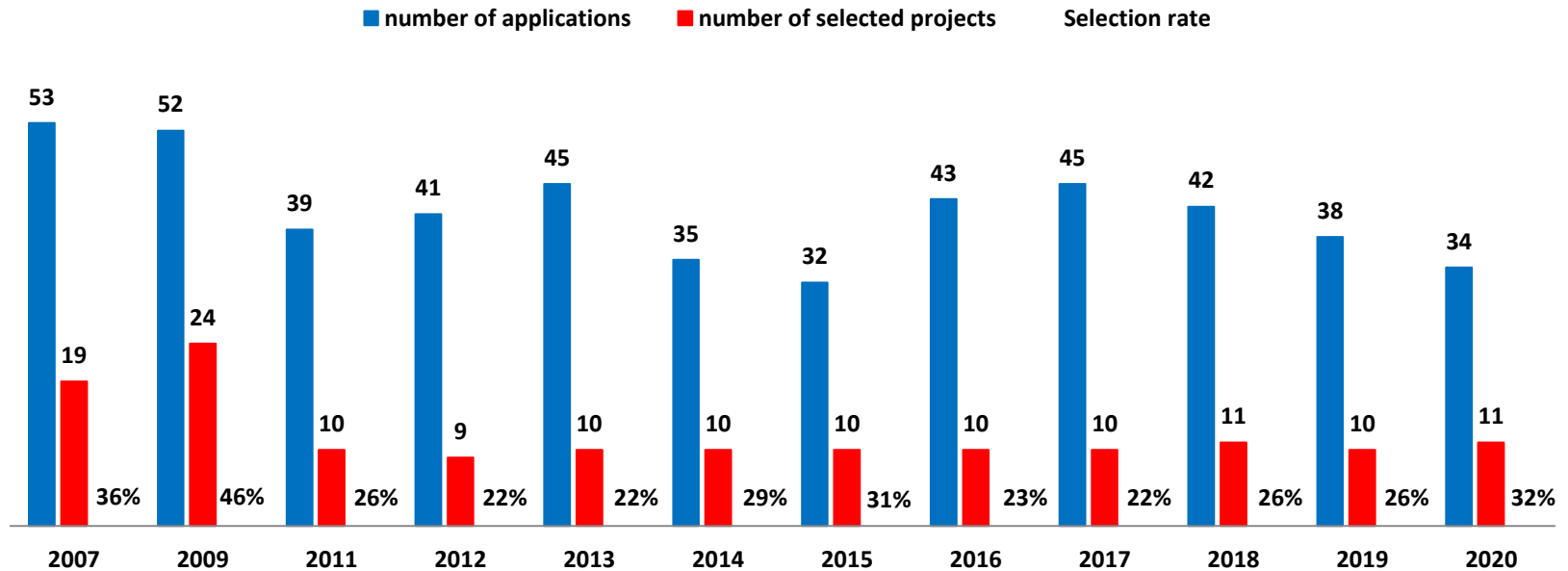
123 funded projects between 2007 and 2018, 106 valid email addresses

2007-2020

Key Points

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND SELECTION RATE

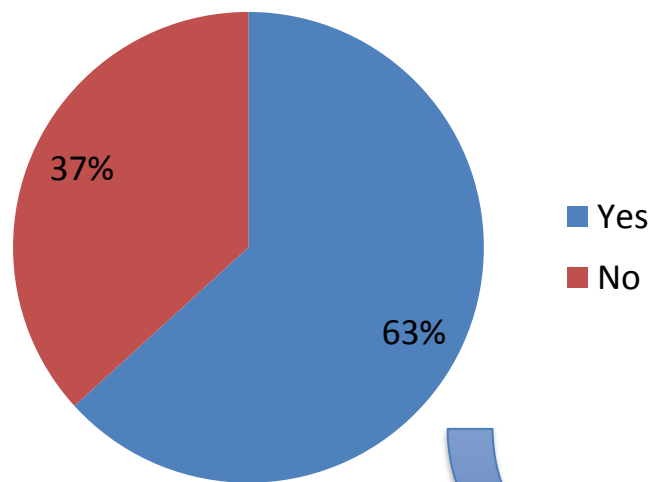
Average selection rate from 2007-2020: **29%**



Persistent decrease in the number of applications since 2017

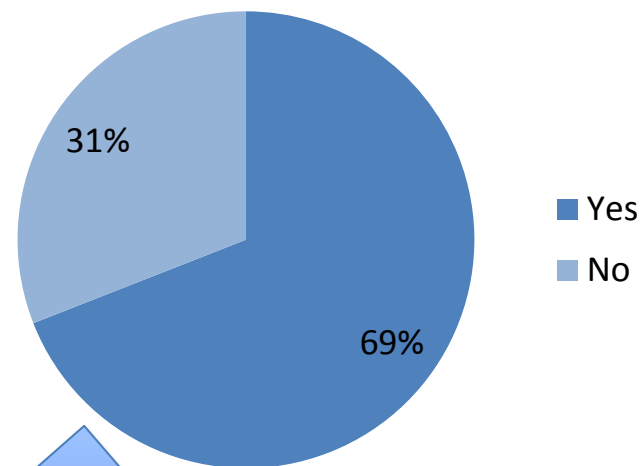
BEFORE THE SIAM PROJECT (1/2)

Did you already cooperate with Thailand in the past ?



Data from 68 responses

If yes, was it with the same partner?



Data from 42 responses

BEFORE THE SIAM PROJECT (2/2)

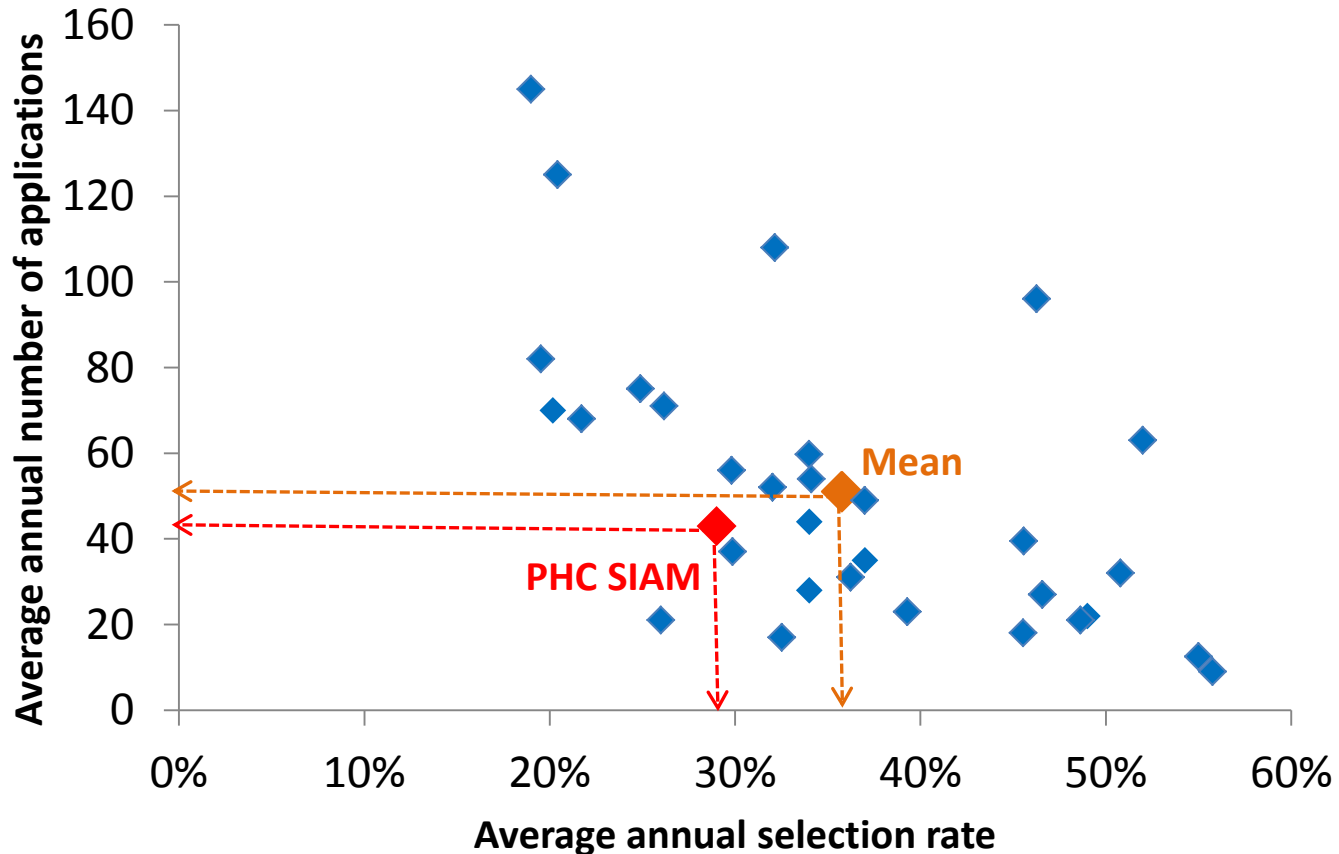
Data from 53 responses

With which scientific collaboration programme ?

PHC Siam	28%
Co-funding with Thai institutions	25%
BGF (French government grants)	9%
PhD or postdoc fundings	8%
CNRS fundings	6%
Private sector	6%
Others	6%
ANR (French National Research Agency)	4%
BioAsie programme	4%
IFRD (International Foundation for Research and Development)	4%
European FP7	2%

Plus 50 previous cooperations based on other exchanges (co-publication, meetings, joint PhD...)

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS VS SELECTION RATE (COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

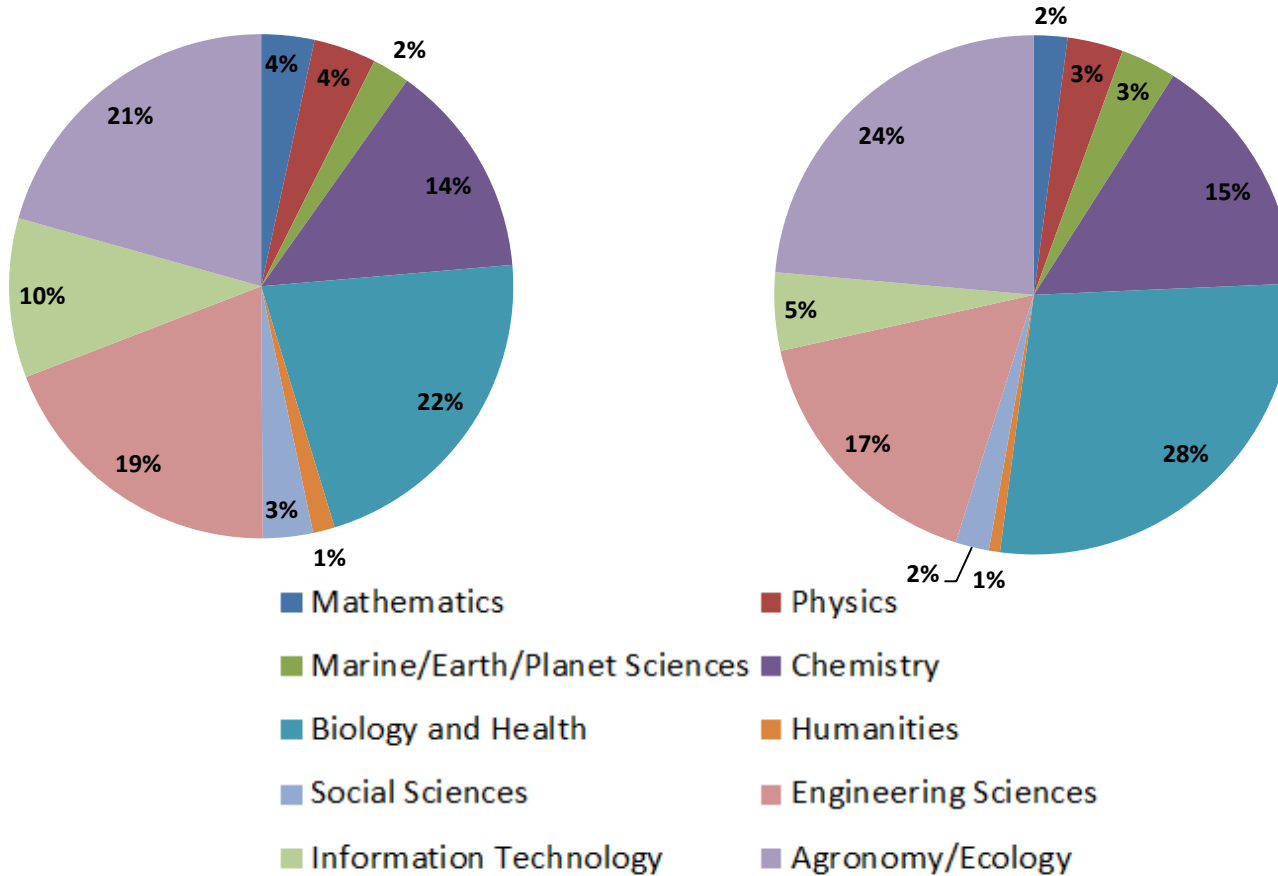


Average selection rate for 2007-2018 : 29% vs 36% mean
Average number of applications 2007-2018 : 43 vs 51 mean

SCIENTIFIC DOMAINS OF PROJECTS

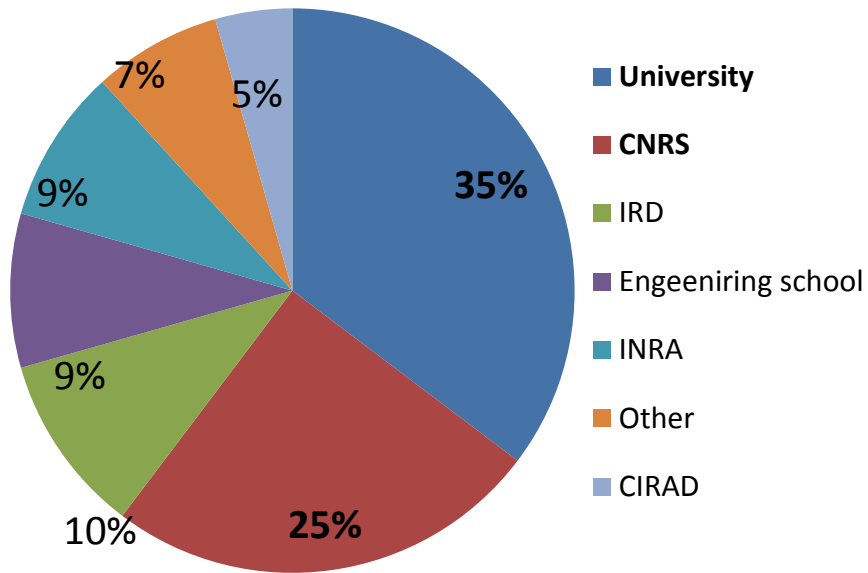
Number of applications : **499**

Number of funded projects : **144**

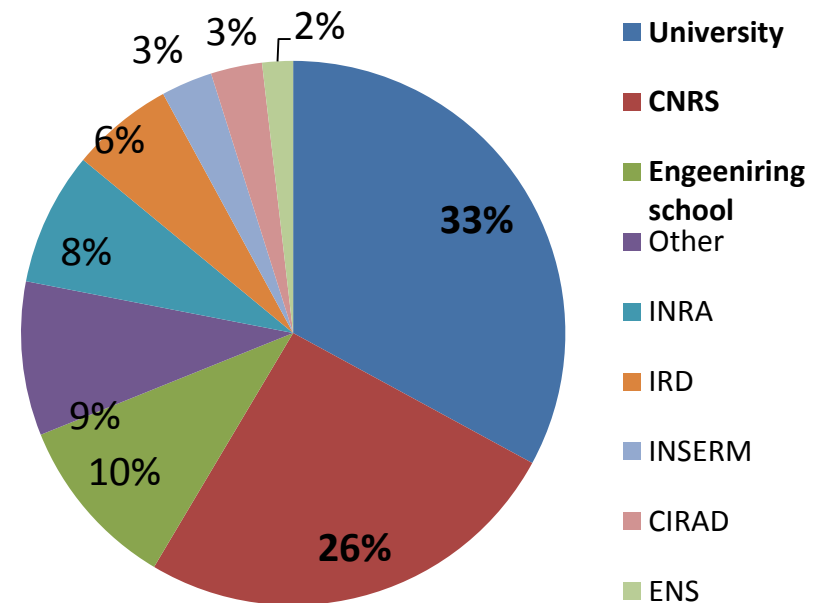


FRENCH PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS

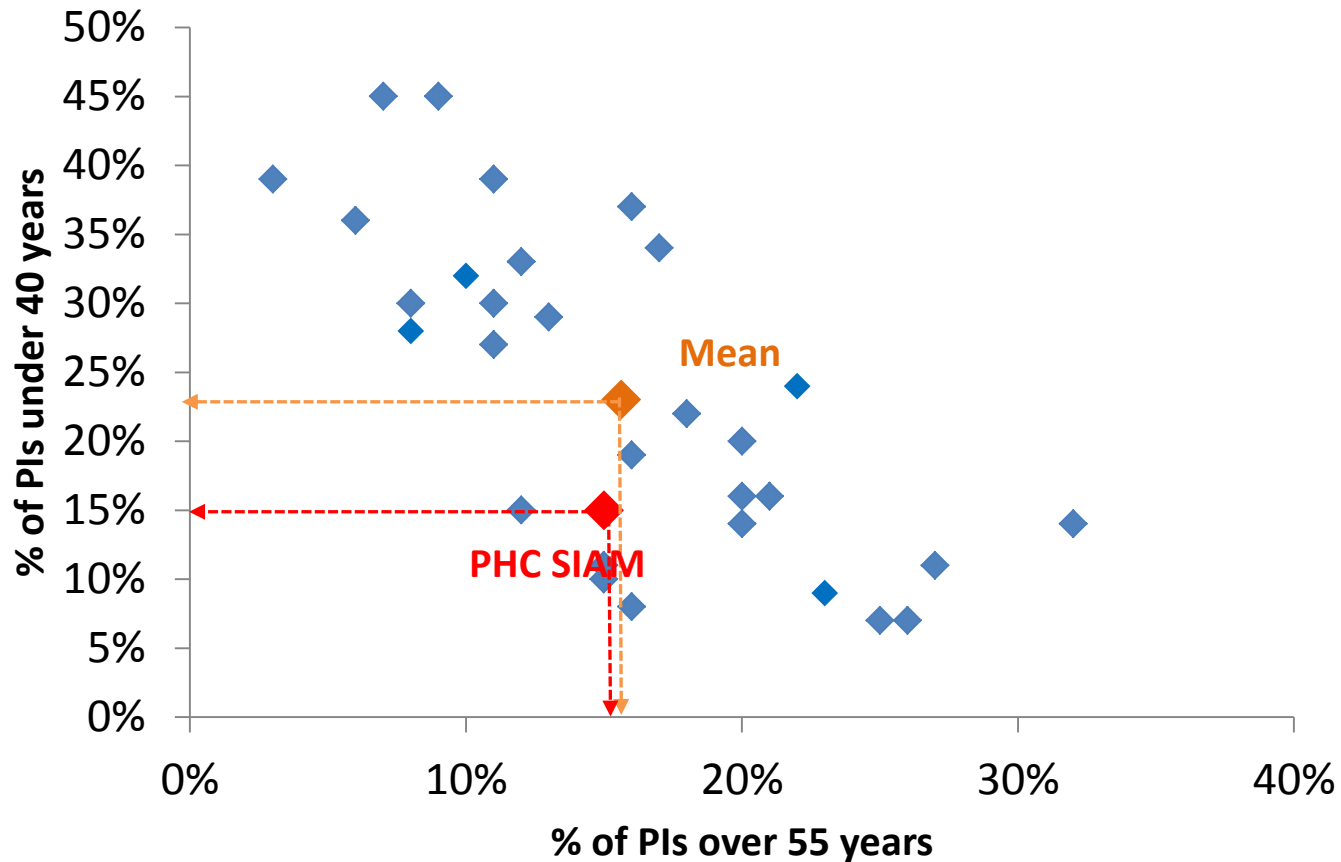
PI's employers



Laboratories authorities



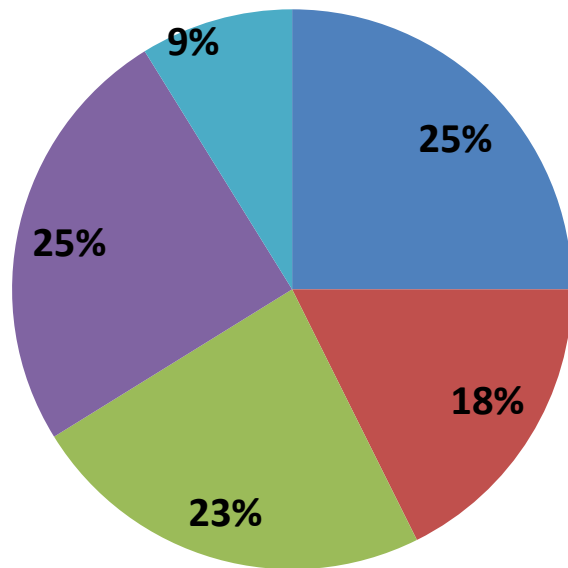
AGE OF PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS (PI) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



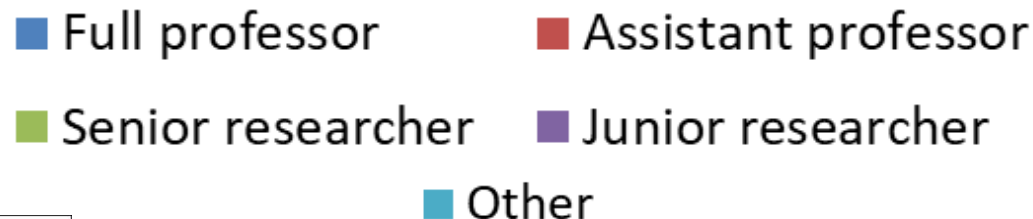
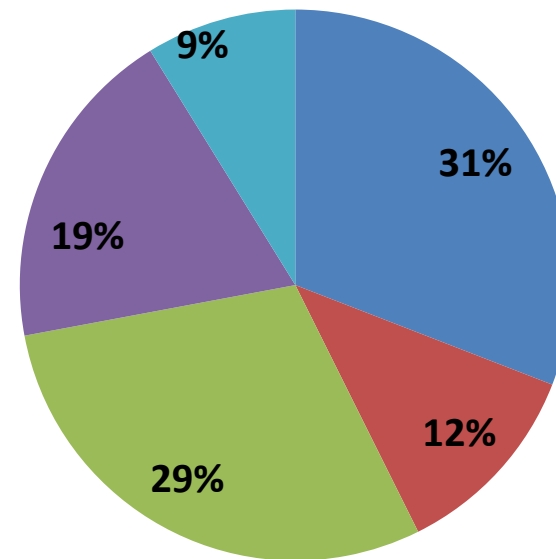
PIs under 40 years : 15% vs 23% mean
PIs over 55 years : 15% vs 16% mean
70% of the PIs are between 40 and 55 years

FRENCH PIS (PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS) : STATUS

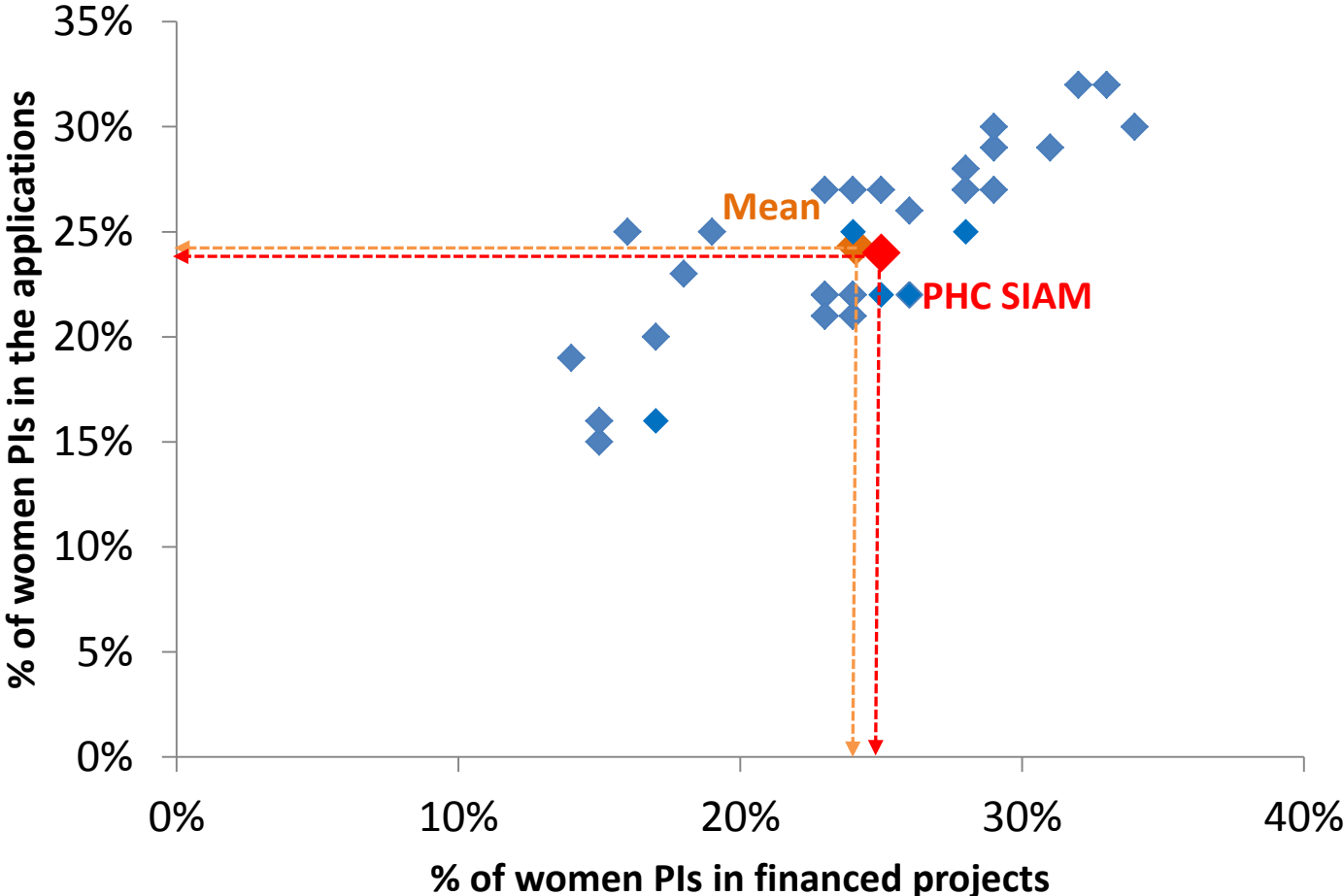
**Previous professional status
(at the beginning of the project)**



Current professional status



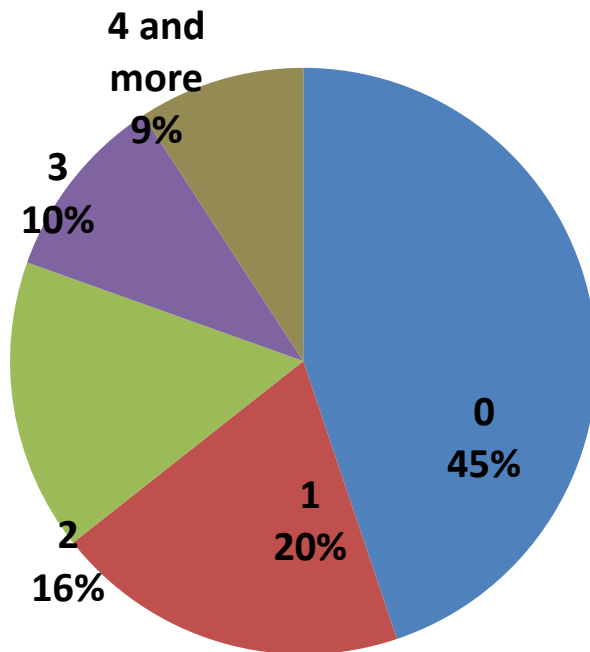
IMPLICATION OF WOMEN (FRANCE) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



% of women PIs in the applications : 25% vs 24% mean
% of women PIs in the selected projects : 24% vs 24% mean

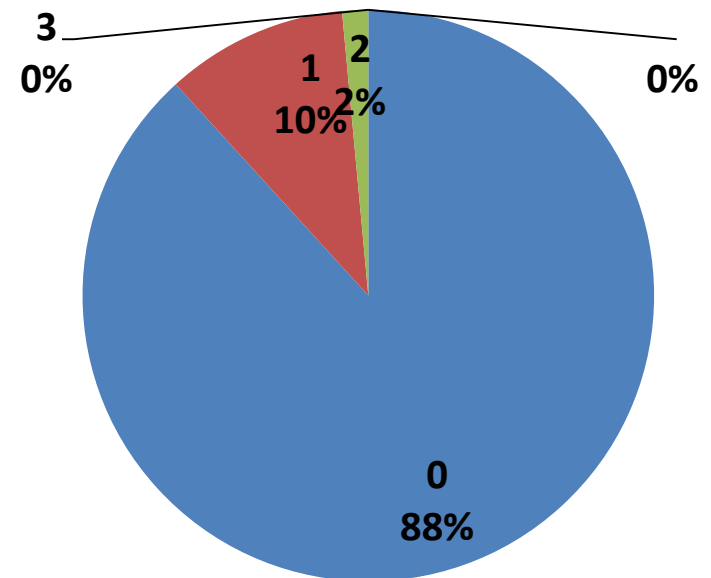
PARTICIPATION OF FRENCH YOUNG RESEARCHERS

Number of PhD students



43% of projects involve at least one PhD student

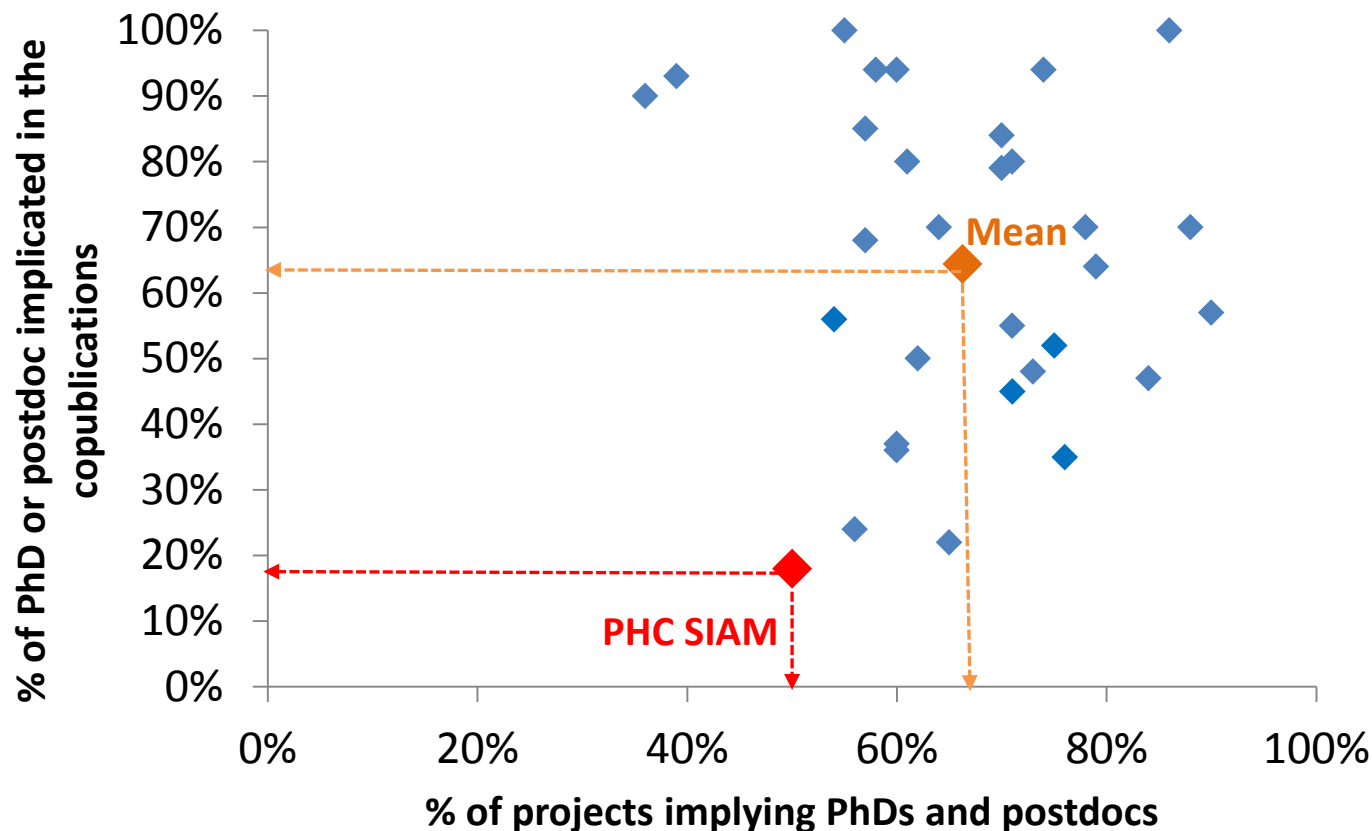
Number of post-doctoral researchers



12% of projects involve at least one post-doctoral researcher

Data from 67 responses

IMPLICATION OF YOUNG RESEARCHERS (COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



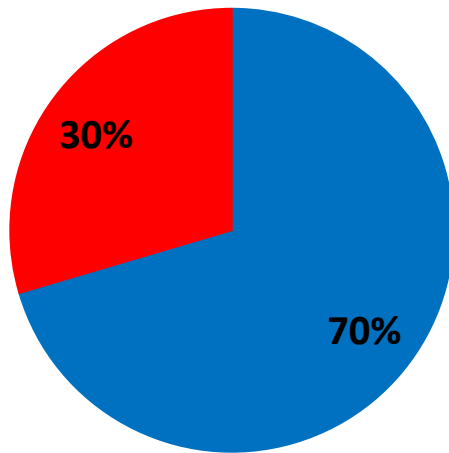
% of projects implying young researchers : 50% vs 67% mean
% of PhD or postdoc implicated in the copublications : 18% vs 64% mean



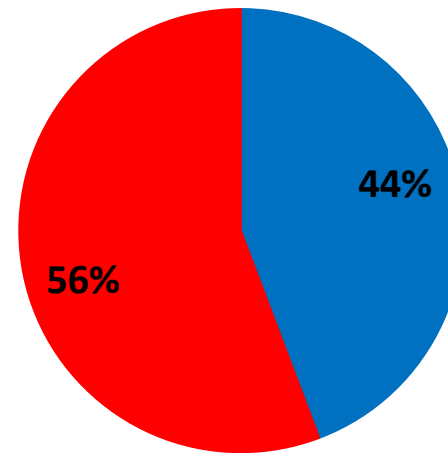
MOBILITY

MOBILITY : GENDER DISTRIBUTION

France → Thailand



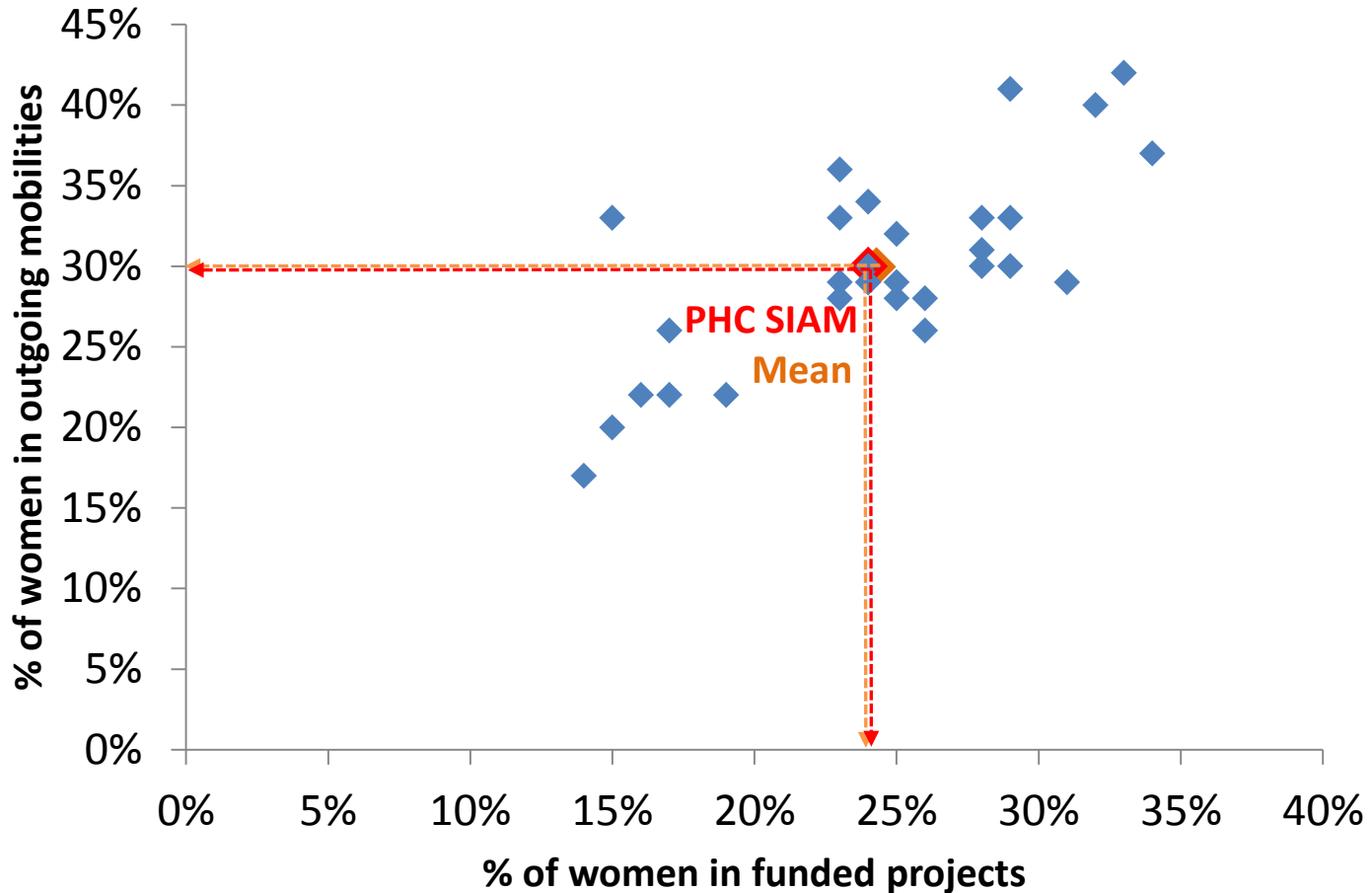
Thailand → France



■ Men ■ Women

WOMEN MOBILITY FRANCE – THAILAND

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



% of women researchers in the selected projects : 24% vs 24% mean

% of women researchers in outgoing mobilities : 30% vs 30% mean

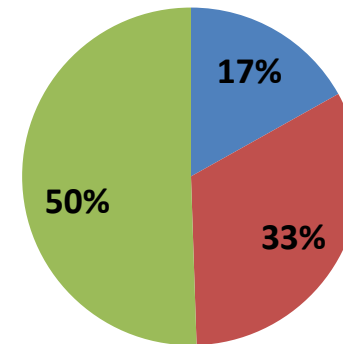
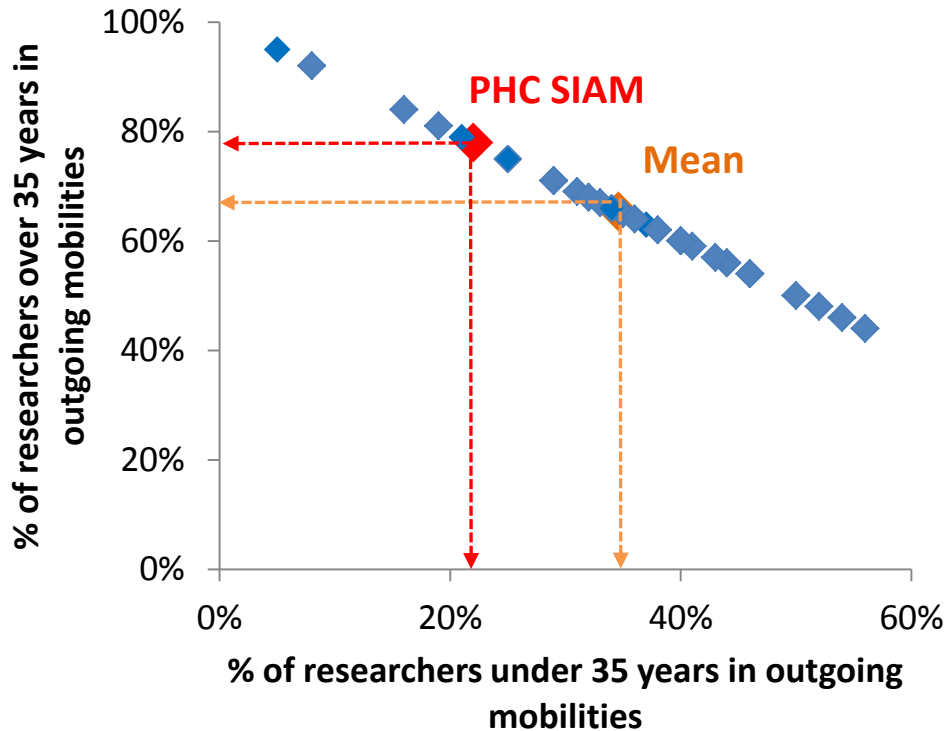
YOUNG RESEARCHERS MOBILITY

FRANCE – THAILAND

(COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)

France → Thailand

Thailand → France



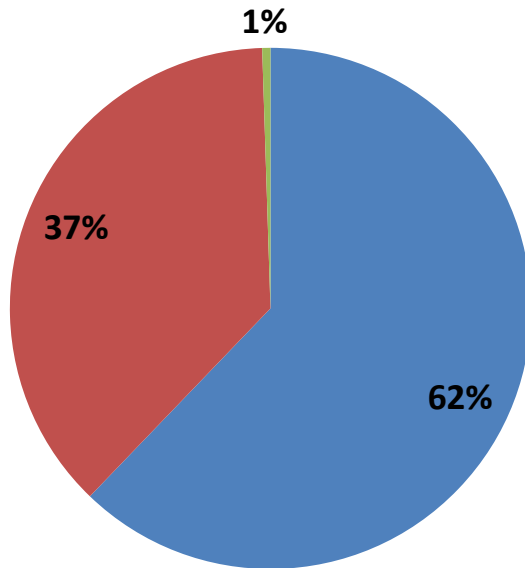
- carried out by PhD students (<28 years old)
- carried out by post-doctoral researchers (28<=age<=35 years old)
- carried out by permanent researchers (>35 years old)

% of french young researchers in outgoing mobilities : **22% vs 35% mean**

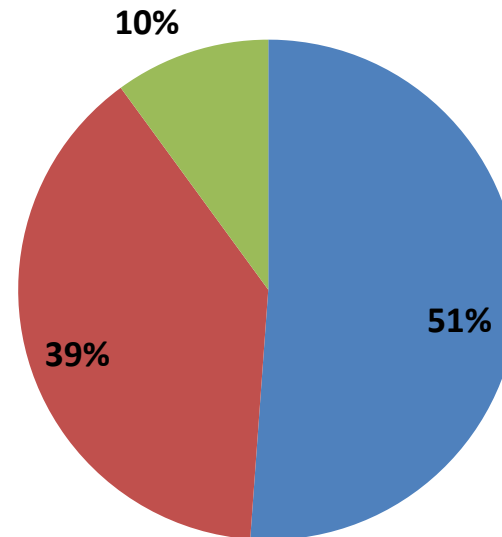
% of thai young researchers in incoming mobilities : **50%**

MOBILITY : DURATION

France → Thailand



Thailand → France

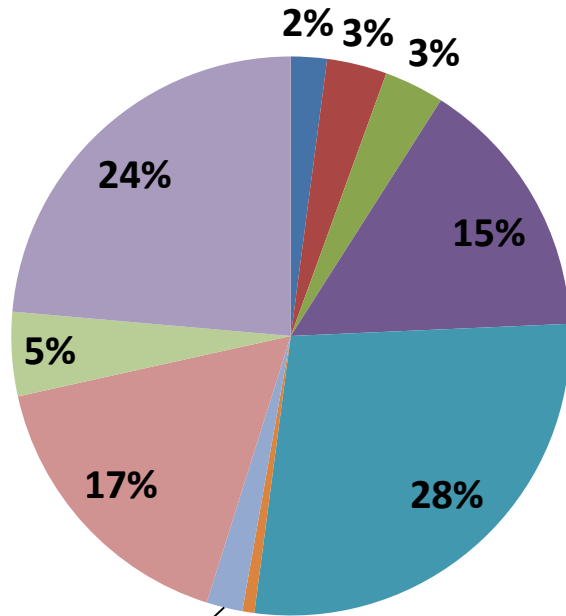


- < 15 days
- between 15 days and 3 months
- > 3 months

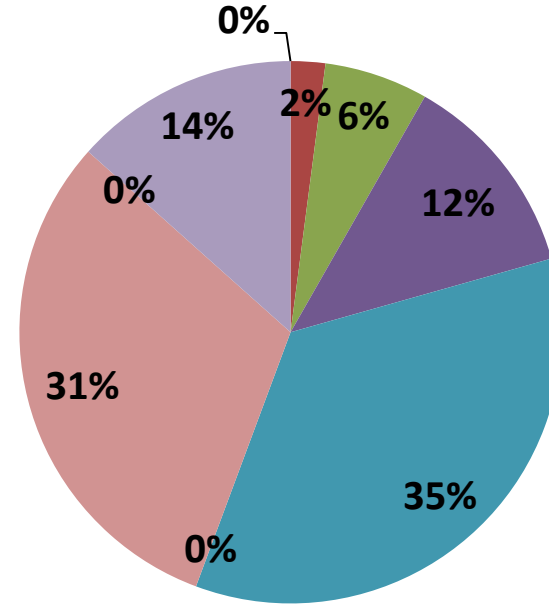
SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTION

SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (1/2)

Number of funded projects : **144**



Percentage of copublications (67 responses)



- Mathematics
- Marine/Earth/Planet Sciences
- Biology and Health
- Social Sciences
- Information Technology
- Physics
- Chemistry
- Humanities
- Engineering Sciences
- Agronomy/Ecology

SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT (2/2)

Data from 68 funded projects

	Number of financed projects in the survey	Average number of co-publications per project
Mathematics	2	0
Physics	1	2
Marine/Earth/Planet Sciences	3	2
Chemistry	11	1,1
Biology and Health	18	1,9
Humanities	1	0
Social Sciences	1	0
Engineering Sciences	10	3
Information Technology	4	0
Agronomy / Ecology	17	0,8
TOTAL	68	1,4

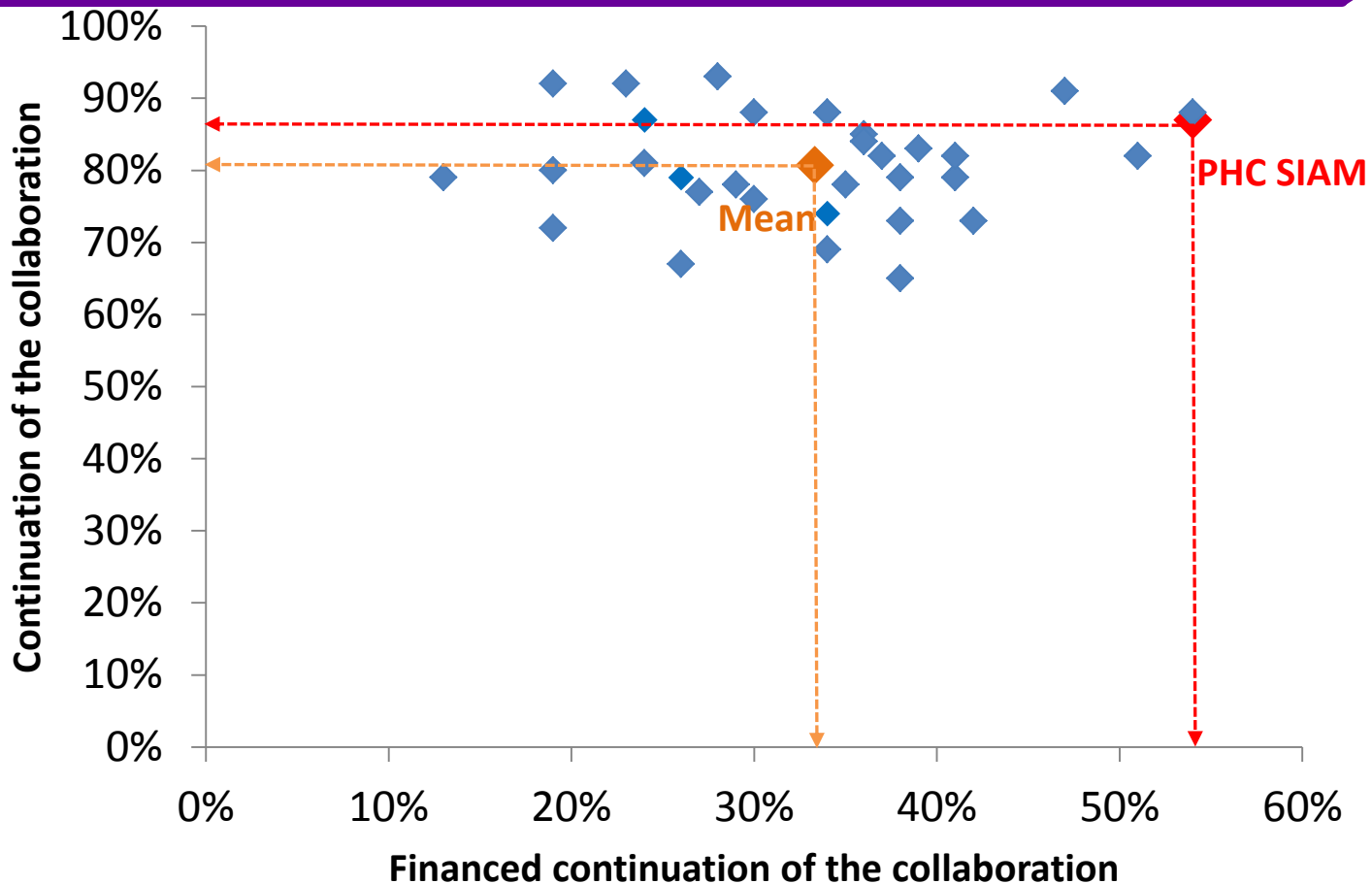
Overall average **annual** number of copublications per project : **0,70 vs 0,93 mean**

34% of funded projects led to one co-publication at least

36% of copublications include at least 1 PhD or PostDoc

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER A PHC SIAM PROJECT ?

CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (1/5) (COMPARISON BETWEEN 32 DIFFERENT BILATERAL PROGRAMMES)



Continuation of the collaboration : 87% vs 81% mean

Continuation of the collaboration with other sources of subvention : 54% vs 33% mean

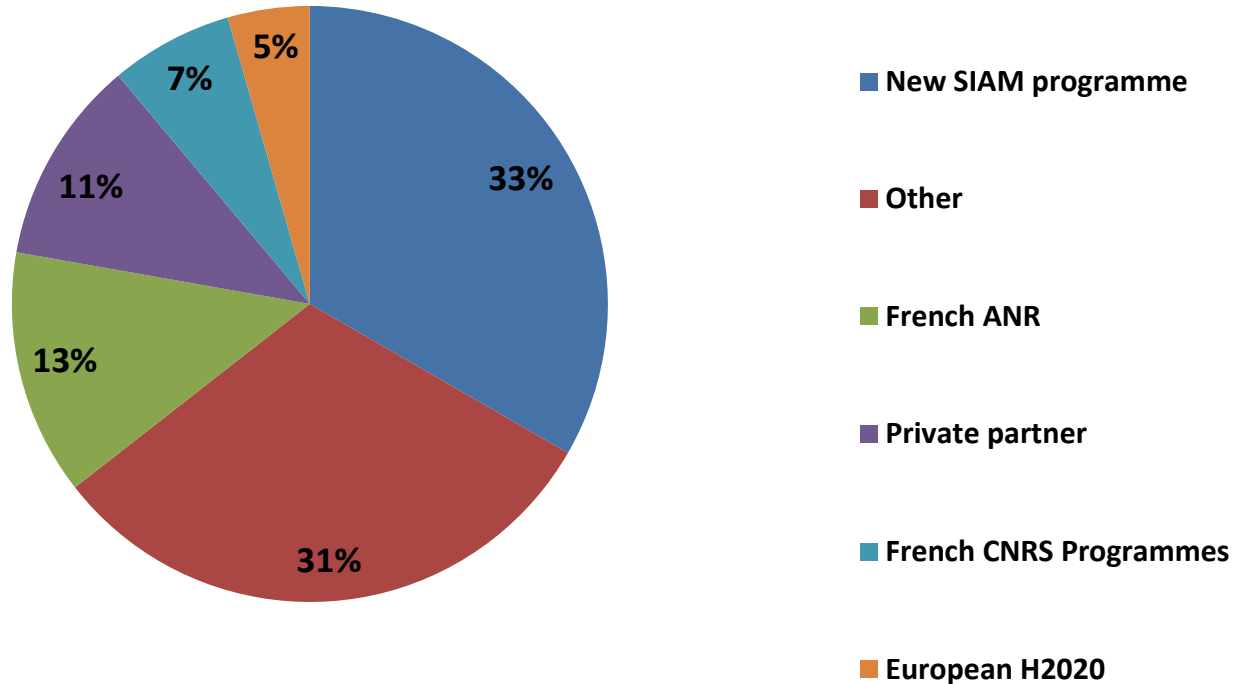
CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (2/5)

87% of the collaborations continued after the Siam project

Which activities?	
Co-publications	72%
Collaborative research	71%
Researchers mobility	52%
PhD mobility	43%
Joint participation to PhD thesis jury	38%
Joint participation to conferences	36%
Co-organisation of scientific events	29%
Others	17%
Joint diplomas (Master, PhD...)	5%

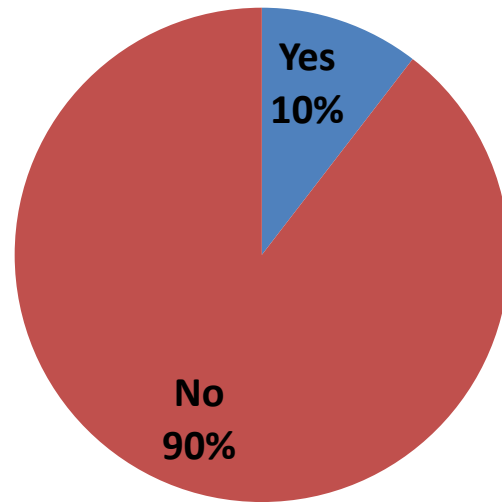
CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (3/5)

What kind of funded collaborations after the Siam project ?



CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (4/5)

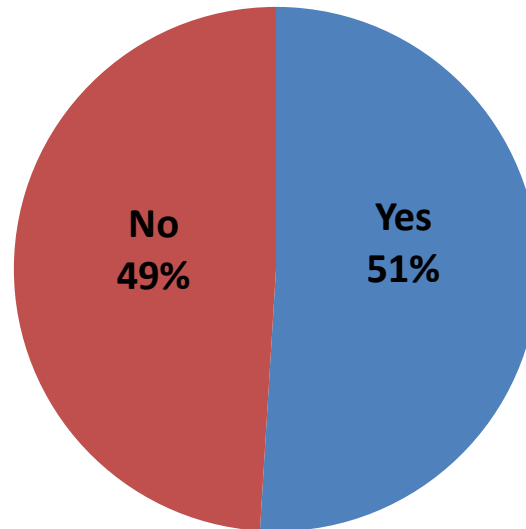
Has the Siam project led to the set-up of joint structures?



- 2 International Mixed Laboratories (LMI)
- 1 CNRS International Research Network (IRN)
- 3 Associated Young Teams (IRD)

CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (5/5)

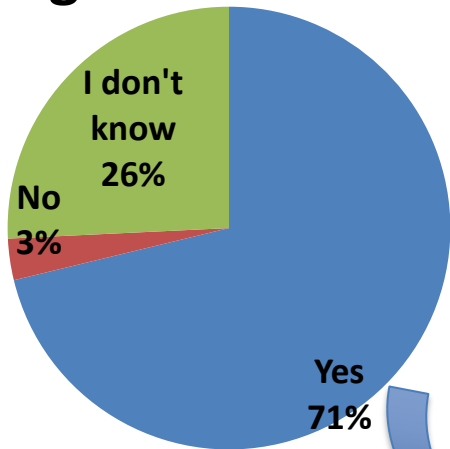
Has the French-Thai collaboration involved new partners?



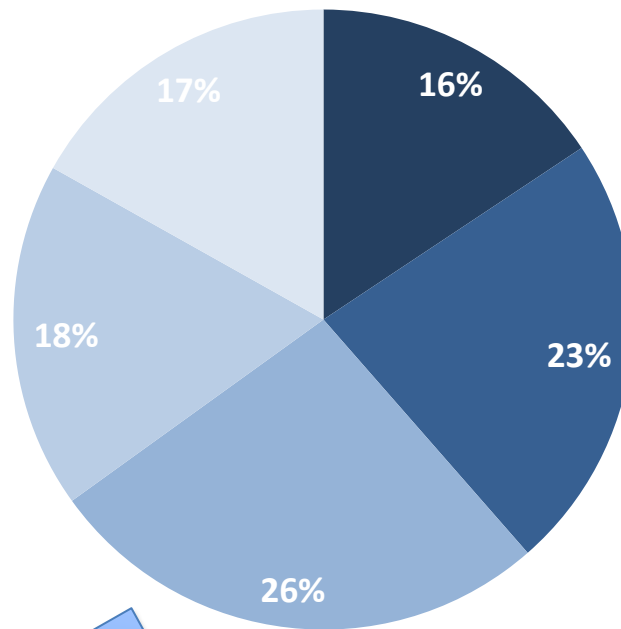
For a total of 38 new partners from 14 different countries

IMPACT ON YOUNG RESEARCHERS' CAREER (1/2)

Was young researchers' career impacted by the Siam programme ?



Type of impacts



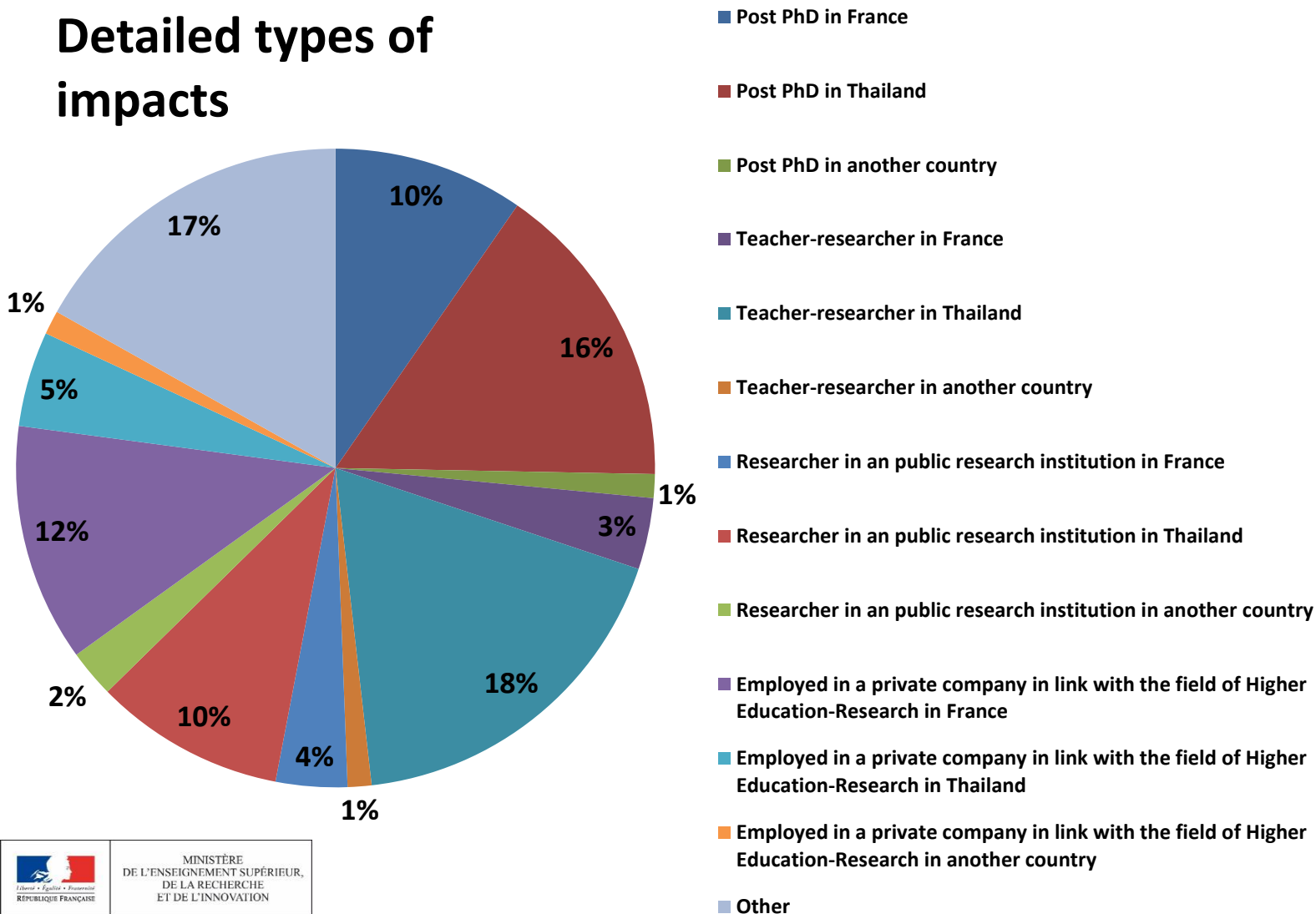
- Researcher in a public research institution (permanent position)
- Teacher/Researcher (permanent position)
- Postdoc/Teacher/Researcher (temporary position)
- Employed in a private company in link with the field of Higher Education - Research
- Other

Data from 66 responses

Data from 47 positive responses for a total of 83 young researchers

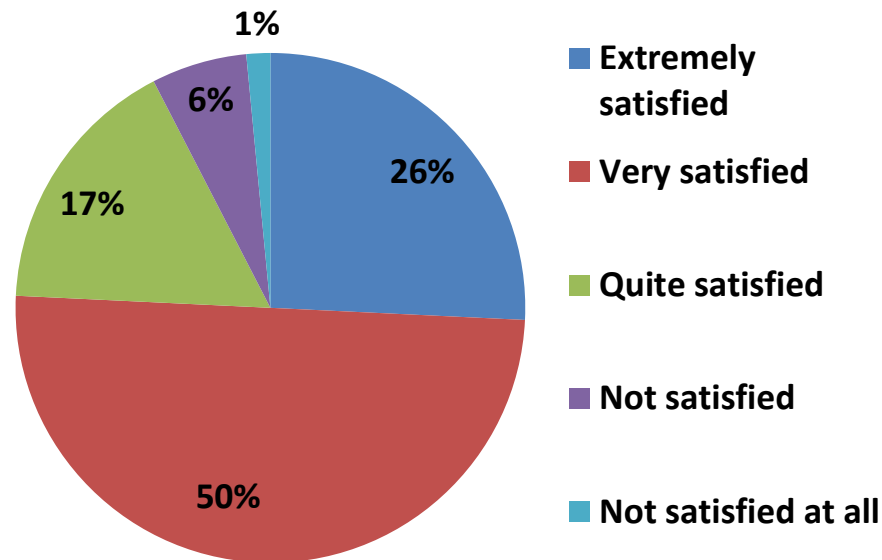
IMPACT ON YOUNG RESEARCHERS' CAREER (2/2)

Detailed types of impacts



GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAMME

93% of French principal investigators are satisfied



Data from 113 responses

GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAMME (2/3) POSITIVE COMMENTS

SURVEY OF 66 FUNDED PROJECTS



Strengths of this program	Number of occurrences (out of 451)	% (out of 66)
Allows the mobility of the researchers	58	85%
Allows an international scientific collaboration	57	84%
Allows the training of the young researchers	47	69%
Allows exchanges which allow a scientific production	41	60%
Allows a knowledge of the country partner	38	56%
Simplicity of the application process	35	51%
Easy implementation (administrative flexibility)	34	50%
Financial means sufficient for the expenditure of mobility	27	40%
Good scientific appreciation compared to the financial investment	25	37%
Is used as starting for raising other funds	21	31%
Financial autonomy towards your institution	20	29%
Duration of mobilities adapted to the needs	17	25%
Sufficiently long duration of the projects	15	22%
Timetable for implementation	9	13%
Transparency of the methods for selecting the projects	5	7%
Others	2	3%
No strenght point	0	0%
<i>Total number of occurrences</i>	<i>451</i>	

GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAMME (3/3) NEGATIVE COMMENTS

SURVEY OF 66 FUNDED PROJECTS



Weaknesses of this program	Number of occurrences (out of 171)	% (out of 66)
No funding of the operation and capital expenditures	39	57%
Too short duration of the projects	31	46%
Difficult perpetuation of collaboration	20	29%
Lack of transparency on the methods of projects selection	15	22%
Too short duration of mobilities	12	18%
Other	9	13%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (per diem)	8	12%
No weakness	6	9%
Insufficient communication on the evaluation's results	6	9%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (transport)	5	7%
Too low number of mobilities	5	7%
Administrative heaviness of the missions management	5	7%
Heaviness of the process of applications	3	4%
Flexibility of the programme for actions co-financed with the partner	3	4%
Financial autonomy towards your institution	2	3%
Timetable for implementation	2	3%
Too long duration of mobilities	0	0%
Number of occurrences	171	

PRELIMINARY CONCLUSIONS

Preliminary conclusions suggest that the funding scheme has efficiently contributed to create (or to maintain) fruitful and long-term cooperation, despite the relatively low financial support, which is to be considered as “seed money”.

Participation of women PIs in the mean but could be encouraged

Mobilities of young Thai researchers (50%)

High percentage of new fundings after a Siam Project (54%)

Siam programme initiates only 37% of new collaborations

66% of funded projects with no co-publications and scientific production below the mean (0,70 vs 0,93)

Insufficient implication of french young researchers in the scientific production (18% vs general mean 64%) and outgoing mobilities (22% vs general mean 35%)

Only 36% of co-publications include at least one young researcher

Tow low implication of both PhDs (43% vs general mean : 65%) and postdocs (12% vs general mean : 23%)

Quite low percentage of young PIs (15%) as compared to the mean of 23%

PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Promote more new cooperations
- Promote co-publications
- Encourage PIs to increase the implication of young researchers in the publications and the mobilities
- Increase the participation of young researchers in the projects
- Encourage women researchers to apply
- Encourage young PIs to apply
- Consider a “SIAM +” programme to help PIs at the end of their financing to develop a European application ?

French national ministries (MESRI / MEAE) will provide a complete analysis of the survey. It will be sent to the recipients of the funding and participants in this symposium.

CONTACTS

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Thank you for your attention